Interim consolidated financial statements

Quarter II 2021

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GENERAL INFORMATION

THE COMPANY

Vincom Retail Joint Stock Company ("the Company"), previously known as Vincom Retail Company Limited, is established in accordance with the Business Registration Certificate No. 0105850244 issued by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 11 April 2012. In accordance with the 2nd amended Business Registration Certificate dated 14 May 2013, the Company changed its legal form to a joint stock company and also changed its name to Vincom Retail Joint Stock Company. Subsequently, the Company obtained amended Enterprise Registration Certificates with the latest is the 20th amended Enterprise Registration Certificate being granted on 02 January 2019.

The Company's shares were officially listed on the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange (HOSE) on 6 November 2017.

The current principal activities of the Company are to invest in and develop shopping centers for lease and inventory properties for sale.

The Company's head office is located at No. 7, Bang Lang 1 street, Vinhomes Riverside, Viet Hung ward, Long Bien district, Hanoi, Vietnam.

Vingroup JSC is the Company's ultimate parent company. Vingroup JSC and its subsidiaries are hereby referred as the Group.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Members of the Board of Directors during the period and at the date of this report are:

Ms. Thai Thi Thanh Hai Chairwoman Ms. Tran Mai Hoa Member

Ms. Nguyen Thi Diu Member (resigned on 23 June 2021)
Mr. Nguyen The Anh Member (appointed on 23 June 2021)

Ms. Le Mai Lan Member

Mr. Sanjay Vinayak Independent member Mr. Fong Ming Huang Ernest Independent member

MANAGEMENT

Members of the management during the period and at the date of this report are:

Ms. Tran Mai Hoa General Director
Mr. Nguyen Anh Dung Deputy General Director
Ms. Pham Thi Thu Hien Deputy General Director

SUPERVISORY BOARD

Members of the Supervisory Board during the period and at the date of this report are:

Ms. Do Thi Quynh Trang Head
Ms. Nguyen Thu Phuong Member
Ms. Tran Thanh Tam Member

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representatives of the Company during the period and up to the date of this report are Ms. Thai Thi Thanh Hai, Ms. Tran Mai Hoa and Mr. Nguyen Anh Dung.

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Vincom Retail Joint Stock Company ("the Company") presents its report and the interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for Quarter II 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the interim consolidated financial statements of each reporting period which give a true and fair view of the interim consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries and of the interim consolidated results of its operations and its interim consolidated cash flows for the period. In preparing those interim consolidated financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim consolidated financial statements; and
- prepare the interim consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company and its subsidiaries will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

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Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the interim consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2021, and of the interim consolidated results of its operations and its interim consolidated cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements.

Tran Mai Hoa

General Director

Hanoi, Vietnam

28 July 2021

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET as at 30 June 2021

C	ASSETS	Notes	A	An at 24/40/000
Loue	MODETO	ivotes	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
100	A. CURRENT ASSETS	PARLAMATINA TO THE PARLAMATINA THE PARLAMATINA TO THE PARLAMATINA	5,708,358	7,012,397
110	I. Cash and cash equivalents	4	2,309,153	,
111	1. Cash		547,800	1,030,907
112	2. Cash equivalents		1,761,353	2,020,000
	II. Short-term investments	***************************************	674,165	
123	1. Held-to-maturity investments	5	674,165	1,894,314
	III. Current accounts receivable		1,313,544	
	Short-term trade receivables	6.1	1,134,012	
	Short-term advances to suppliers	6.2	68,715	
136	Other short-term receivables	7	149,396	545,422
137	4. Provision for doubtful short-term receivables	6.1	(38,579)	(14,466)
140	IV. Inventories	8	289,541	519,889
141	1. Inventories	1	289,541	519,889
150	V. Other current assets		1,121,955	
	Short-term prepaid expenses	9	59,132	69,513
152	Value-added tax deductible		22,461	31,150
153	3. Tax and other receivables from the State		362	535
155	4. Other current assets	10	1,040,000	
200	B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	9	32,205,269	32,804,035
210	I. Long-term receivables		7,500	8,308
	Other long-term receivables		7,500	8,308
220	II. Fixed assets		434,197	450,233
221	Tangible fixed assets	11	418,035	430,20€
222	Cost		599,801	595,633
223	Accumulated depreciation	WWW	(181,766)	(165,427)
227	2. Intangible assets	12	16,162	
228	Cost	***************************************	54,391	54,391
229	Accumulated amortisation	Controversian	(38,229)	(34,364)
230	III. Investment properties	13	27,031,141	27,732,173
231	1. Cost		33,696,324	33,710,220
232	Accumulated depreciation	**************************************	(6,665,183)	(5,978,047)
	IV. Long-term assets in progress	**************************************	1,001,242	959,231
242	Construction in progress	14	1,001,242	959,231
	V. Other long-term assets	***************************************	3,731,189	3,654,090
	Long-term prepaid expenses	9	435,434	514,162
8	Deferred tax assets	PER ANNUAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PER ANNUAL PROPERT	16,032	16,032
	Other long-term assets	10	2,981,820	2,789,702
269	4. Goodwill	15	297,903	334,194
270	TOTAL ASSETS		37,913,627	39,816,432

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2021

Currency: VND million

Code	RESOURCES	Notes	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
300	C. LIABILITIES		7,409,046	10,480,616
310	I. Current liabilities	***************************************	3,040,554	3,537,868
311	Short-term trade payables	16	538,116	788,362
	2. Short-term advances from customers	17	399,321	429,835
	3. Statutory obligations	18	434,567	321,533
	4. Payables to employees		•	204
	5. Short-term accrued expenses	19	670,952	1,009,332
	6. Short-term unearned revenues	21	107,653	164,209
319	7. Short-term other payables	20	851,005	786,519
	8. Short-term loan and debts	22.1	19,887	19,887
321	9. Short-term provisions		16,157	15,091
322	10. Bonus and welfare fund		2,896	2,896
330	II. Non-current liabilities		4,368,492	6,942,748
336	1. Long-term uneamed revenues	21	86,790	86,181
337	2. Other long-term liabilities	20	1,078,404	1,072,229
338	3. Long-term loan and debts	22.2	3,128,121	5,706,162
341	4. Deferred tax liabilities		77,177	78,176
400	D. OWNERS' EQUITY		30,504,581	29,335,816
410	I. Capital	23	30,504,581	29,335,816
411	1. Issued share capital		23,288,184	23,288,184
411a	- Shares with voting rights		23,288,184	23,288,184
412	2. Share premium		46,983	46,983
415	3. Treasury shares		(1,954,258)	(1,954,258)
420	4. Other funds belonging to owners' equity		(53,420)	(53,420)
421	5. Undistributed earnings		9,142,451	7,974,003
421a	- Undistributed earnings up to prior year		7,974,003	5, 5 92,148
421b	- Undistributed earnings of current period		1,168,448	2,381,855
429	6. Non-controlling interests		34,641	34,324
440	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY		AL ALLANDES	39,816,432

Pham Thi Ngoc Ha

Chief Accountant

Tran Mai Hoa General Director

28 July 2021

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT Quarter II 2021

					For the 6-month period ended	For the 6-month period ended
Code	ITEMS	Notes	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
01	Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	24.1	1,510,391	1,630,177	3,736,776	3,315,842
02	2. Deductions	24.1	м	es.	-	
10	3. Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	24.1	1,510,391	1,630,177	3,736,776	3,315,842
11	4. Cost of goods sold and services rendered	25	(880,962)	(984,384)	(1,938,979)	(1,911,139)
20	5. Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services	ALL THE	629,429	645,793	1,797,797	1,404,703
21	6. Finance income	24.2	119,680	57,553	221,269	104,567
22 23	7. Finance expenses In which: Interest expenses	26	(1 51,938) (151,082)	(99,664) (98,889)	(306,076) <i>(304,380)</i>	(179,134) (177,571)
24	8. Shares of profit of associates		•	p de la constant de l	•	
25	8. Selling expenses	27	(51,915)	(44,581)	(143,529)	(105,364)
26	9. General and administrative expenses	27	(80,259)	(91,634)	(144,737)	(181,910)
30	10. Operating profit	NAMES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	464,997	467,467	1,424,724	1,042,862
31	11. Other income		20,097	(18,047)	41,228	27,445
32	12. Other expenses	Table Comments of the Comments	(1,696)	(3,655)	(2,742)	(5,064)
40	13. Other (loss)/profit		18,401	(21,702)	38,486	22,381

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)
Quarter II 2021

Currency: VND million

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020	For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2021	For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2020
50	14. Accounting profit before tax		483,398	445,765	1,463,210	1,065,243
51	15. Current corporate income tax expenses	28	(96,264)	(102,650)	(295,444)	(230,893)
52	16. Deferred tax income	28	493	53	999	1,017
60	17. Net profit after tax		387,627	343,168	1,168,765	835,367
61	18. Net profit after tax attributable to shareholders of the parent		387,511	343,106	1,168,448	835,192
62	19. Net profit after tax attributable to non- controlling interests		116	62	GPHAN VINCO	175

Pham Thi Ngoc Ha

Chief Accountant

28 July 2021

General Director

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT Quarter II 2021

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Code	ITEMS	For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2021	For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2020
	I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
01	Profit before tax Adjustments for:	1,463,210	1,065,243
02	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and investment properties and amortisation of intangible assets	747,862	734,379
03	(including amortisation of goodwill) Provisions	25,179	
05 06	Profits from investing activities Interest expenses and bond issue costs	(212,838) 304,380	
08	Operating profit before changes in working capital	2,327,793	1,875,250
09 10	Changes in receivables Changes in inventories	(367,920) 230,348	
11	Changes in payables (other than interest, corporate income tax)	(351,587)	
12 14	Changes in prepaid expenses Interest paid	88,624 (202,927)	
15	Corporate income tax paid	(298,836)	(144,953)
20	Net cash flows from operating activities	1,425,495	2,454,466
21	II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase, construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets	(1,494,689)	(1,508,536)
21	Collection on investment deposits	465,820	•
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long- term assets	-	112
23	Loans to other entities and payments for purchase of debt instruments of other entities	(1,850,000)	(1,050,000)
24	Collections from borrowers and proceeds from sale of debt instruments of other entities	3,071,000	1,750,000
27	Interest and dividends received	240,620	55,621
30	Net cash flows (used in) investing activities	432,751	(752,803)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) Quarter II 2021

Currency: VND million

Code	ITEMS	For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2021	For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2020
33	III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Drawdown of borrowings Repayment of borrowings	(2,600,000)	1,015,245 -
40	Net cash from/(used in) financing activities	(2,600,000)	1,015,245
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period	(741,754)	2,716,908
60	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	3,050,907	1,388,344
70	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	2,309,153	4,105,252

Pham Thi Ngoc Ha

Chief Accountant

28 July 2021

Tran Mai Hoa

General Director

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Vincom Retail Joint Stock Company ("the Company"), previously known as Vincom Retail Company Limited, is established in accordance with the Business Registration Certificate No. 0105850244 issued by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 11 April 2012. In accordance with the 2nd amended Business Registration Certificate dated 14 May 2013, the Company changed its legal form to a joint stock company and also changed its name to Vincom Retail Joint Stock Company. Subsequently, the Company obtained amended Enterprise Registration Certificates with the latest is the 20th amended Enterprise Registration Certificate being granted on 02 January 2019.

The Company's shares were officially listed on the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange (HOSE) since 6 November 2017.

The current principal activities of the Company are to invest in and develop shopping centers for lease and inventory properties for sale.

The Company's normal course of business cycle of real estate business starts at the time of application for investment certificate, commencement of site clearance, construction, and ends at the time of completion, thus, the normal course of real estate development activities is from 12 months to 36 months. The Company's normal course of business cycle of other business activities is 12 months.

The Company's head office is located at No. 7, Bang Lang 1 street, Vinhomes Riverside, Viet Hung ward, Long Bien district, Hanoi, Vietnam.

The number of employees of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2021 is 2,062 (31 December 2020: 2,137).

Vingroup JSC is the Company's ultimate parent company. Vingroup JSC and its subsidiaries are hereby referred as the Group.

Corporate structure

The Company has 03 following subsidiaries as at 30 June 2021:

No.	Name	Voting right (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
1	Vincom Retail Operation Co., LTD	100.00	100,00	Symphony Building, Chu Huy Man street, Phuc Loi Ward, Long Bien district, Hanoi city	Leasing and trading real estate property
2	South Vincom Retail LLC	100.00	100.00	No. 72, Le Thanh Ton street and No. 45A Ly Tu Trong street, Ben Nghe ward, district 1, Ho Chi Minh city	Leasing and trading real estate property
3	Suoi Hoa Urban Development and Investment JSC	97.27	97.27	Km1 + 200, Tran Hung Dao street, Suoi Hoa ward, Bac Ninh city, Bac Ninh province	Leasing and trading real estate property

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Accounting standards and system

The interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, which are expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and Vietnamese Accounting Standard issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- ▶ Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- ▶ Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- ▶ Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- ▶ Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the interim consolidated financial position and interim consolidated results of operations and interim consolidated cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

2.2 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal.

2.3 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its consolidated financial statements starts on 01 January and ends on 31 December.

2.4 Accounting currency

The Company's accounting currency is VND.

The curency used when preparing and presenting the separate financial statements is million VND.

2.5 Basic of consolidation

The interim consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the reporting period ended 30 June 2021.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continued to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases, unless the parent's control is temporary when the subsidiary is acquired and held for sales in less than 12 months.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-company balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains or losses result from intra-company transactions are eliminated in full.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.5 Basic of consolidation (continued)

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated income statement and within equity in the consolidated balance sheet, separately from parent shareholders' equity.

Impact of change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is recorded in undistributed earnings or accumulated losses.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks, cash in transit and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of no longer than three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3.2 Inventories

Inventory properties

Property being constructed for sale in the ordinary course of business or for long-term lease qualified for recognition of outright sales, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation, is held as inventory and is measured at the lower of cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, and net realisable value.

Cost includes:

- Freehold, leasehold rights for land, and land development costs;
- Construction costs payable to contractors; and
- Borrowing costs, planning and design costs, costs of site preparation, professional fees for legal services, property transfer taxes, construction overheads and other related costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market prices at the reporting date, less estimated costs to completion and the estimated costs to sell.

The cost of inventory property recognised in the interim consolidated income statement on disposal is determined with reference to the specific costs incurred on the property sold and an allocation of any non-specific costs based on an appropriate basis.

Other inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition and net realisable value.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to completion and the estimated costs to sell.

The perpetual method is used to record the costs of other inventories, cost of other inventories is valued at the cost of purchase, on weighted average basis.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Inventories (continued)

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of raw materials, finished goods, and other inventories owned by the Company and its subsidiaries, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the balance sheet date. Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the interim consolidated income statement.

3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the interim consolidated financial statements at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, after provision for doubtful debts.

The provision for doubtful debts represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered.

3.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the tangible fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets, and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the interim consolidated income statement as incurred.

When tangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the interim consolidated income statement.

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

3.5 Leased assets

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A lease is classified as a finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Where the Company and its subsidiaries are the lessee

Assets held under finance leases are capitalised in the interim consolidated balance sheet at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, at the net present value of the minimum lease payments. The principal amount included in future lease payments under finance leases are recorded as a liability. The interest amounts included in lease payments are charged to the interim consolidated income statement over the lease term to achieve a constant rate on interest on the remaining balance of the finance lease liability.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.5 Leased assets (continued)

Where the Company and its subsidiaries are the lessee (continued)

Capitalised financial leased assets are depreciated using straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company and its subsidiaries will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Assets subject to finance leases are included as the Company and its subsidiaries' investment properties in the interim consolidated balance sheet.

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the interim consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Where the Company and its subsidiaries are the lessor

Assets subject to operating leases are included as the Company and its subsidiaries' investment properties in the interim consolidated balance sheet.

Lease income is recognised in the interim consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

The cost of an intangible assets comprises of its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of preparing the intangible fixed asset for its intended use. Expenditures for additions, improvements are added to the carrying amount of the assets, and other expenditures are charged to the interim consolidated income statement as incurred.

When intangible assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the interim consolidated income statement.

3.7 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortisation of intangible assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Buildings and structures	5 - 15 years
Machinery and equipment	2 - 15 years
Means of transportation	4 - 15 years
Office equipment	3 - 10 years
Computer software	3 - 8 years
Others	3 - 15 years

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.8 Investment properties

investment properties are stated at cost, including transaction costs, less accumulated depreciation.

Costs include the amount of cash paid or the fair value of other consideration given by the Company and its subsidiaries to acquire an asset at the time of acquisition or construction. The Company and its subsidiaries recognise an investment property in the Interim consolidated financial statements when the significant risks and rewards incident to ownership of the property have been passed to the Company and its subsidiaries from the transferor, not depending on the form of the sales and purchase contract or the time at which legal documents relating to ownership of the properties are transferred.

Subsequent expenditure relating to an investment property that has already been recognised is added to the net book value of the investment property when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing investment property, will flow to the Company and its subsidiaries.

Land use rights presented as investment properties include definite and indefinite land use rights granted to the Company for the development of its investment properties. Definite land use rights are depreciated during authorised period. No amortisation is charged for indefinite land use rights.

Depreciation of investment properties are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Land use rights, buildings and structures 5 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment 3 - 25 years

The land use rights with indefinite terms is presented as investment properties based on the certificate of land use right granted by relevant authorities and no amortisation should be charged.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets is recognised in the interim consolidated income statement in the period of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment properties when, and only when, there is change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories does not change the cost or the carrying value of the property for subsequent accounting at the date of change in use.

The Company and its subsidiaries have contributed capital to cooperate in the investment, construction and development of shopping centers. Under the business co-investment contract, the Company and its subsidiaries have the right to control the shopping centers when the shopping centers are handed over to the Company and its subsidiaries from the counterparties for commercial operations. According to which, the shopping centers are recognized by the Company and its subsidiaries as investment properties in the interim consolidated balance sheet upon the hand over of these properties.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company and its subsidiaries incur in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs are recorded as expense during the period in which they are incurred, except for the borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset.

3.10 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the consolidated balance sheet and amortised over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

Long-term prepaid expenses include long-term prepaid land rental in accordance with Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC, prepaid premise expense under operating lease terms, pre-operating expenses, tools and supplies, and other prepaid expenses that bring future economic benefits for more than one year.

3.11 Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of a business combination is measured as the fair value of assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. Identifiable assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at fair values at the date of business combination.

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost being the excess of the cost the business combination over the Company and its subsidiaries' interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. If the cost of a business combination is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the interim consolidated income statement. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is amortised over 10-year period on a straight-line basis. The Company conducts the periodical review for impairment of goodwill of investment in subsidiaries. If there are indicators of impairment loss incurred is higher than the annually allocated amount of goodwill on the straight-line basis, the higher amount will be recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.

Assets acquisitions and business combinations

The Company and its subsidiaries acquire subsidiaries that own real estate projects. At the date of acquisition, the Company considers whether the acquisition represents the acquisition of a business. The Company accounts for an acquisition as a business combination where an integrated set of activities is acquired.

When the acquisition of subsidiaries does not represent a business, it is accounted for as an acquisition of a group of assets and liabilities. The cost of the acquisition is allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based upon their relative fair values, and no goodwill or deferred income tax is recognised.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.11 Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Business combinations involving entities under common control

Business combinations involving entities under common control are accounted for as follows:

- ► The assets and liabilities of the two combined entities are reflected at their carrying amounts at the date of business combination;
- No goodwill is recognised from the business combination;
- ► The consolidated income statement reflects the results of the combined entities from the date of the business combination; and
- Any difference between the consideration paid and the net assets of the acquiree is recorded in equity.

Where the Company loses control of its subsidiary, which was previously consolidated under common control, the difference recognised in equity between the consideration and the net assets of the subsidiary at the acquisition date will be reclassified to the undistributed earnings at the date of disposal.

3.12 Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are stated at their acquisition costs. After initial recognition, these investments are measured at recoverable amount. Any impairment loss incurred is recognised as finance expenses in the interim consolidated income statements and deducted against the value of such investments.

3.13 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company and its subsidiaries.

Payables to contractors are recorded based on interim work certificates between two parties, regardless of whether or not billed to the Company.

3.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company and its subsidiaries have a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pretax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance expense.

Expenses relating to provisions are recognised in the interim consolidated income statement.

Provision for warranty expenses for apartments and shop-houses

The Company and its subsidiaries estimate this warranty provision based on revenue and currently available information about repairing expenses of apartments and shop-houses sold in the past.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.15 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's and its subsidiaries' reporting currency (VND) are recorded at the actual transaction exchange rates at transaction dates which are determined as follows:

- ► Transactions resulting in liabilities are recorded at the selling exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for payment; and
- Capital contributions or capital received are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for capital contribution.

At the end of the reporting period, monetary balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the actual transaction exchange rates at the balance sheet date which are determined as follows:

- Monetary assets are translated at buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company and its subsidiaries conduct transactions regularly; and
- Monetary liabilities are translated at selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company and its subsidiaries conduct transactions regularly.

All foreign exchange differences incurred during the period and arising from the revaluation of monetary accounts denominated in foreign currency at period-end are taken to the interim consolidated income statement.

3.16 Appropriation of net profits

Net profit after tax (excluding negative goodwill arising from a bargain purchase) is available for appropriation to shareholders after approval in the annual general meeting, and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

3.17 Advance from customers

Payments received from customers as deposits for the purchase of apartments and shop-houses in the future that do not meet the conditions for revenue recognition, are recognised and presented as "Advances from customers" in the interim consolidated balance sheet.

3.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and its subsidiaries and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue from sale of inventory properties

Revenue from sale of inventory property is recognised when the significant risks and rewards incident to ownership of the properties have been passed to the buyer. For multiple-element arrangements that trigger the performance obligation of the seller in the future, revenue recognised will be the fair value of the consideration received or receivable less the fair value of the undelivered component.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.18 Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from sale of inventory properties (continued)

Revenue from sale of inventory property also includes long-term lease of real estate properties qualified for recognition of outright sales. If the lease-term is greater than 90% of the asset's useful life, the Company and its subsidiaries will recognise the revenue for the entire prepaid lease payment if all of the following conditions are met:

- Lessee is not allowed to cancel the lease contract during the lease term, and the lessor is not responsible for reimbursing the prepaid lease payments under any circumstances;
- ► The prepaid lease payment is not less than 90% of the total estimated lease payment collected under contract over the lease period and lessee must pay all rental within 12 months from the commencement of the lease;
- ► Almost all risks and rewards associated with the ownership of leased assets are transferred to the lessee; and
- Lessor must estimate the full cost of leasing activity.

Revenue from leasing of investment properties

Rental income arising from operating lease of properties is recognised in the consolidated income statement on a straight line basis over the lease terms.

Rendering of services

Revenue from entertainment services, investment properties management and brokerage and other related services is recorded based on percentage of completion when the services are rendered and the outcome of the contract is certainly determined.

Gains from capital transfer

Gains from capital transfer are determined as the excess of selling prices against the cost of investments sold. Such gains are recognised on the date of completion.

Interest

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

Dividends

Income is recognised when the Company's and its subsidiaries' entitlement as investors to receive the dividend is established.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.19 Taxation

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the related transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- ▶ in respect of taxable temporarily differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures where timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset in respect of deductible temporary difference which arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of the related transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- ▶ in respect of deductible temporarily differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.19 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company and its subsidiaries to off-set current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on:

- either the same taxable entity; or
- when the Company and its subsidiaries intend either settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

3.20 Related parties

Parties are considered to be related parties of the Company and its subsidiaries if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or when the Company and its subsidiaries and other party are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprise or individual, including close members of the family of any such individual.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Currency: VND million

	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Cash in banks	547,800	1,030,832
Cash in transit	QA.	75
Cash equivalents	1,761,353	2,020,000
TOTAL	2,309,153	3,050,907

Cash equivalents as at 30 June 2021 comprised bank deposits in VND with maturity terms from 1 to 3 months and earning interest at the rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.0% per annum (as at 31 December 2020: bank deposits in VND with maturity terms of 3 months and earning interest at the rates ranging 2.9% to 4.0% per annum).

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

5. HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENTS

Currency: VND million

	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Short-term held-to-maturity investments (i)	674,165	1,894,314
TOTAL	674,165	1,894,314

(i) Ending balance of short-term held-to-maturity investments comprised short-term bank deposits in VND with terms ranging from 6 months to 12 months and earning interest at the rate ranging from 3.7% to 6.0% per annum (31 December 2020: bank deposits in VND with terms ranging from 6 months to 12 months and earning interest at the rate ranging from 4.0% to 6.3% per annum), including VND 74.1 billion of maintenance fund of the handed over condotel apartments and will be transferred to the building management boards.

6. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES AND ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

6.1 Short-term trade receivables

Currency: VND million

	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Receivables from leasing activities and rendering related services	968,874	660,921
Receivables from sale of inventory properties	154,140	111,001
Others	10,998	46,075
TOTAL	1,134,012	817,997
In which:		
Trade receivables from customers	1,089,104	741,157
Trade receivables from related parties (Note 29)	44,908	76,840
Provision for doubtful short-term receivables	(38,579)	(14,466)

6.2 Short-term advances to suppliers

TOTAL	68,715	97,136
Advances to related parties (Note 29)	18,762	4,337
Advances to suppliers	49,953	92,799
	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020

7. OTHER SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES

Currency: VND million

	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Interests on deposits	33,212	52,635
Guarantee deposits for project development and contract implementation	12,727	12,728
Value added tax receivables	69,680	457,910
Receivable for payment on behalf	3,673	6,713
Others	30,104	15,436
TOTAL	149,396	545,422
In which:		
Other receivables	50,267	60,187
Other receivables from related parties (Note 29)	99,129	485,235

8. INVENTORIES

	As at 30/6/2021		As at 31/12/2020	
Stranskad	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
Inventory properties under construction (i)	221,227		422,004	ua.
Completed inventory	48,564		77,251	***
Others	19,750		20,633	_
TOTAL	289,541	•	519,889	-

⁽i) The balance mainly comprises of construction and development costs of apartments, condotel apartments and shop-houses for sale.

9. PREPAID EXPENSES

Currency: VND million

	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Short-term: Selling expenses related to sale of inventory properties not yet handed over	44,617	46,583
Provisional corporate income tax	3,498	3,983
Others	11,017	18,947
TOTAL	59,132	69,513
Long-term:		
Prepaid rental to a related party for leasing commercial areas (Note 29) (i)	242,892	247,997
Prepayment for committed profit relating to business cooperation contracts and	21,419	51,823
Overhaul expenditures	135,101	164,339
Tools and supplies	15,497	22,048
Prepaid land rental	11,784	14,073
Commission fees for leasing commercial	8,732	11,648
areas		
Others	9	2,234
TOTAL	435,434	514,162

⁽i) Ecology Development and Investment JSC ("Ecology JSC"), a company under common control of Vingroup JSC, leased the shopping mall component of Vincom Plaza Quang Trung project and Vincom Plaza Le Van Viet project to South Vincom Retail LLC in accordance with the shopping mall leasing contracts.

10. OTHER ASSETS

Currency: VND million

	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Short-term: Deposits to related parties for investment purposes (Note 29) (i)	1,040,000	-
TOTAL	1,040,000	PA
Long-term: Deposits to related parties for investment purposes (Note 29) (i)	2,981,820	2,789,702
TOTAL	2,981,820	2,789,702

(i) Ending balance are deposits to Vingroup JSC, parent company, and some companies within the Group (hereby referred to as "the counterparties") for the co-investment and co-operations of shopping mall component of a number of real estate projects under business co-investment and co-operation contracts. In accordance with these contracts, the counterparties have committed to transferring shopping mall component to the Company and its subsidiaries, or to granting the Company and its subsidiaries with right to purchase the shopping malls, at the price sufficient to cover all relevant capital expenditures incurred. In case the counterparties have not completed all procedures to hand over the shopping malls to the Company and its subsidiaries when the assets are completed and ready for commercial operations, two parties will sign business cooperation contracts, giving the Company and its subsidiaries the right to control, manage and operate the shopping malls, and a portion of profit before tax from the operations of the shopping malls will be shared to the counterparties.

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Means of transportation	Office equipment	Others	Total
Cost: Beginning balance	280,898	265,426	-	23,766	25,543	595,633
- Transferred from completed		4,298	un.	197	-500	4,495
construction in progress - Sold, disposal	ra.	(888)	AA.	-	*** ***	(888) 561
- Other adjustments Ending balance	280,898	561 269,396	~	23,964	25,543	599,801
Accumulated depreciation: Beginning balance - Depreciation for the period - Sold, disposal Ending balance	22,461 2,253 - 24,714	120,560 11,926 (703) 131,783	- - -	12,226 1,521 - 13,746	10,180 1,343 - 11,523	165,427 17,042 (703) 181,766
Net carrying amount:	258,437	144,866	•	11,541	15,363	430,206
Beginning balance Ending balance	256,184	137,614	ys	10,217	14,020	418,035

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Currency: VND million
	Computer software
Cost: Beginning balance - Transferred from completed construction in progress	54,391
Ending balance	54,391
Accumulated amortisation: Beginning balance - Amortisation for the period Ending balance	34,364 3,865 38,229
Net carrying amount: Beginning balance	20,027
Ending balance	16,162

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Land use rights, buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Total
Cost: Beginning balance	27,542,687	6,167,533	33,710,220
Increase due to finalisation of construction contracts	3,403	(5,527)	(2,124)
Disposal Ending balance	(8,421)	(3,351)	(11,772)
	27,537,669	6,158,655	33,696,324
Accumulated depreciation: Beginning balance Depreciation for the period Disposal Ending balance	3,517,613	2,460,434	5,978,047
	398,753	291,909	690,663
	(1,148)	(2,379)	(3,527)
	3,915,218	2,749,965	6,665,183
Net carrying amount: Beginning balance Ending balance	24,025,074	3,707,099	27,732,173
	23,622,451	3,408,690	27,031,141

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

Investment properties mainly include assets of the shopping malls of the Company and its subsidiaries which are used for provision of leasing and other related services.

Details of investment properties used as collaterals for borrowings and corporate bonds of the Company and its subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 22.

Revenue and operating expenses related to investment properties are disclosed in Note 24.3.

14. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Currency: VND million

	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Vincom Plaza Bien Hoa 2	135,650	135,650
Vincom+ Thai Nguyen	111,031	110,084
Vincom Plaza My Tho	284,981	284,107
Vincom Plaza Bac Lieu	219,305	215,724
Bac Ninh Hotel Project	164,780	123,529
Other projects	85,495	90,137
TOTAL	1,001,242	959,231

15. GOODWILL

	Goodwill	arisen from acquisit	ion of	
	Vincom Center Long Bien One Member LLC (i)	Khanh Gia Investment Trading Services JSC (i)	An Phong Investment JSC (i)	Total
Cost:				
Beginning balance	33,000	210,288	482,549	725,837
Ending balance	33,000	210,288	482,549	725,837
Accumulated amor	tisation:			
Beginning balance	25,270	117,817	248,556	391,643
Amortisation for the period	1,650	10,514	24,127	36,291
Ending balance	26,920	128,331	272,683	427,934
Net carrying amou	nt:			
Beginning balance	7,730	92,471	233,993	334,194
Ending balance	6,080	81,957	209,866	297,903

⁽i) These companies were merged into Vincom Retail Operation Co., LTD and South Vincom Retail LLC.

16.	SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES		
		C	urrency: VND million
		As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
	Trade payables to suppliers	303,547	430,474
	Trade payables to related parties (Note 29)	234,569	357,888
	TOTAL	538,116	788,362
17.	ADVANCE FROM CUSTOMERS	_	
		C	urrency: VND million
	-	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
	Downpayment from customers under sale and purchase of real estate agreements	349,766	398,317
	Others	49,555	31,518
	TOTAL	399,321	429,835
18.	STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS	C	urrency: VND million
		As at 30/6/2021	<u>-</u>
	Payables	AS AL 30/0/2021	As at 31/12/2020
	Corporate income tax	277,168	281,165
	Value added tax	123,786	33,263
	Personal income tax	3,715	5,084
	Others	29,898	2,021
	TOTAL	434,567	321,533
19.	SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES		
		С	urrency: VND million
		As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
	Accrued construction costs	287,876	467,777
	Accrued loans and bond interests	73,876	140,364
	Accrued selling expenses	27,544	47,312
	Accrued committed profit relating to business cooperation contracts and	43,184	50,247
	Interest supporting fee payables	**	<u></u>
	Accrued labor expenses	14,924	58,620
	Others	223,548	245,012
	TOTAL	670,952	1,009,332
	In which:	000 000	4 00 4 00 5
	Accrued expenses due to others	669,620	1,004,035
	Accrued expenses due to related parties (Note 29)	1,332	5, 297

20. OTHER PAYABLES

CHIEBREY, VIVID HIBBER	Currency:	VND	million
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	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Short-term:	3-2-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	
Deposits received under deposit and loan contracts	289,699	269,067
Deposits from tenants to be refunded within the next 12 months	376,240	364,032
Maintenance fund	86,260	82,208
Deposits for site construction	52,298	46,357
Dividend payable	2,234	2,234
Other payables	44,274	22,621
TOTAL	851,005	786,519
In which:		
Other short-term payables	841,806	765,694
Other short-term payables to related parties (Note 29)	9,199	20,825
Long-term:		
Deposits from tenants	1,236,514	1,220,300
Less: Deposits from tenants to be refunded within the next 12 months	(376,240)	(364,032)
(Presented in Short-term)		
Deposit under business cooperation contracts	180,000	180,000
Other deposits	36,130	35,961
TOTAL.	1,076,404	1,072,229
In which:		
Other long-term payables	896,404	865,470
Other long-term payables to related parties (Note 29)	180,000	206,759

21. UNEARNED REVENUE

Currency: VND million

	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Short-term unearned revenue	107,653	164,209
Long-term unearned revenue	86,790	86,181
TOTAL	194,443	250,390
In which:		
Unearned revenue received from related parties (Note 29)	10,107	35,363
Unearned revenue received from others	184,336	215,027

Unearned revenue mainly includes advances from lessees to the Company and its subsidiaries for leasing spaces inshopping malls.

22. LOANS AND DEBTS

22.1 Short-term loans and debt

Currency: VND million

		As at 30/6/2	2021	As at 31/12/2	2020
	Note	Carrying value	Payable amount	Carrying value	Payable amount
Current portion of long- term debts from related	29	19,887	19,887	19,887	19,887
parties TOTAL		19,887	19,887	19,887	19,887

22.2 Long-term loans and debt

Currency: VND million

		As at 30/6/	2021	As at 31/12/	2020
	Note	Carrying value	Payable amount	Carrying value	Payable amount
Corporate bonds	(ĭ)	2,956,506	2,956,506	5,534,767	5,534,767
Other long-term debts from related parties	29	171,616	171,616	171,395	171,395
TOTAL	9000	3,128,121	3,128,121	5,706,162	5,706,162

(i) Ending balance comprises:

Bond arranger Techcom Securities Joint Stock Company	As at 30/6/2021 (VND million) 2,956,506	Maturity date From April 2023 to August 2025	Interest rate The 12-month interest paid-in- arrears VND saving rate plus (+) 3.25% or 3.5% per annum with interest paid quaterly.	Secured assets (*)
TOTAL	2,956,506			

^(*) These bonds are secured by land use rights and assets attached to land of a number of shopping malls owned by subsidiaries.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
Quarter II 2021

23. OWNERS' EQUITY

23.1 Increase and decrease in owner's equity

	Shares with voting right	Share premium	Treasury shares	Undistributed earnings	Other funds belonging to owners' equity	Non-controlling interests	Total
For the 6-month period ender	d 30 June 2020						
Beginning balance	23,288,184	46,983	(1,954,258)	5,592,148	(53,420)	33,870	26,953,507
- Net profit for the period		₩		835,192		175	835,367
Ending balance	23,288,184	46,983	(1,954,258)	6,427,340	(53,420)	34,045	27,788,874
For the 6-month period ender	d 30 June 2021						
Beginning balance	23,288,184	46,983	(1,954,258)	7,974,003	(53,420)	34,324	29,335,816
- Net profit for the period	-	*	Wa	1,168,448		317	1,168,765
Ending balance	23,288,184	46,983	(1,954,258)	9,142,451	(53,420)	34,641	30,504,581

Currency: VND million

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

23. OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

23.2 Shares

	As at 30/6/2021		As at 31/12/2020	
•		Amount		Amount
	Quantity	VND million	Quantity	VND million
Registered and issue	ed shares			
Ordinary shares	2,328,818,410	23,288,184	2,328,818,410	23,288,184
Preference shares	u.			44
Total	2,328,818,410	23,288,184	2,328,818,410	23,288,184
Outstanding shares				
Ordinary shares	2,272,318,410	22,723,184	2,272,318,410	22,723,184
Preference shares			←	_
Total	2,272,318,410	22,723,184	2,272,318,410	22,723,184

Par value of each outstanding share: VND 10,000 per share (31 December 2020: VND 10,000 per share).

24. REVENUE

24.1 Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services

		Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
	Gross revenue	1,510,391	1,630,177
	In which:		
	Leasing activities and rendering of related services	1,369,558	1,306,607
	Sale of inventory properties	95,540	294,439
	Others	45,293	29,131
	Deduction	6	-
	Net revenue	1,510,391	1,630,177
	In which:		A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR
	Revenue from sale to related parties	150,781	194,589
	Revenue from sale to others	1,359,610	1,435,588
24.2	Finance income		

		Currency: VND million
	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Interest income from bank deposits, loans and deposits	119,680	57,553
TOTAL	119,680	57,553

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

24. REVENUE (continued)

24.3 Revenue and expenses relating to investment properties

Currency: VND million

	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Revenue from leasing of investment properties and rendering of related services (Note 24.1)	1,369,558	1,306,607
Direct operating costs related to investment properties generating income in the period (Note 25)	761,353	719,361

25. COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

Currency: VND million

	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Cost of leasing activities and rendering of related services	761,353	719,361
Cost of inventory properties sold	35,668	184,069
Others	83,941	80,954
TOTAL	880,962	984,384

26. FINANCE EXPENSES

	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Interests on loans and bond	136,132	95,609
Amortisation of bond issue costs	14,950	3,280
Others	856	775
TOTAL	151,938	99,664

27. SELLING EXPENSES AND GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Currency: VND million

	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Selling expenses	51,915	44,581
Labour cost	8,200	12,397
Consulting, commission and brokerage fees	16,929	14,483
Brand and marketing fee	24,455	15,018
Depreciation and amortisation	1,752	1,950
Outsourced services	56	627
Others	523	106
General and administrative expenses	80,259	91,634
Labour cost	18,666	26,975
Depreciation and amortisation	20,023	20,220
Provision expenses	(1,474)	1,172
Outsourced services	13,356	8,906
Others	35	544
Management fee	29,653	33,817
TOTAL	132,174	136,215

28. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The statutory corporate income tax ("CIT") applicable to the Company and its subsidiaries for Quarter II 2021 is 20% of taxable profit (for Quarter II 2020: 20%).

The tax returns filed by the Company and its subsidiaries are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the interim consolidated financial statements could change at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Current corporate income tax expenses	96,264	102,650
Deferred tax (income)	(493)	(53)
TOTAL	95,771	102,597

29. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

List of related parties that the Company had significant transactions and balances in current and prior period:

Related parties	Relationship
Vingroup JSC Vinhomes JSC Ecology Development and Investment JSC Vinpearl JSC Central Park Development LLC	Parent company Under common control Under common control Under common control Under common control
Vietnam Investment and Consulting Investment JSC Can Gio Tourist City Corporation Vinschool One Member LLC Thai Son Investment Construction Corporation Vinfast Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited Gia Lam Urban Development and Investment Limited Company Vinsmart Research and Manufacture Joint Stock Company Vinfast Trading and Service Limited Liability Company	Under common control

Significant transactions with related parties during the period:

: •	From 01/01/2021 to 30/6/2021	From 01/01/2020 to 30/6/2020
Receivables from leasing and rendering of relate	ed services	
Millenium Trading Investment And Development		
Company Limited	11,435	12,209
Vinhomes JSC	132,264	152,916
Vinfast Trading and Service Limited Liability		
Company	84,280	33,506
Vinschool One Member LLC	19,296	16,771
Vinpearl JSC	41,540	14,980
Payables for purchase of goods and services		
Vingroup JSC	59,686	72,749
Vinpearl JSC	6,498	23,462
Vinhomes JSC	53,628	26,048
Ecology Development and Investment JSC	9,271	19,470

29. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Significant transactions with related parties during the period:

	From 01/01/2021	
	to 30/6/2021	to 30/6/2020
Deposit for investment purpose		
Vingroup JSC	1,040,000	466,340
Thai Son Investment Construction Corporation	192,118	121,256
Vinhomes JSC		170,472
Gia Lam Urban Development and Investment		,
Limited Company	131,396	31,659
Central Park Development LLC	(01,000	117,768
Green City Development Joint Stock Company		295,420
Green City Development John Stock Company	-	233,420
Callantian from donasit for investment		
Collection from deposit for investment		
purpose	454.555	
Vingroup JSC	181,992	-
Vinhomes JSC	202,952	400
Central Park Development LLC	41,656	•
		•
Lending		
Vinsmart Research and Manufacture Joint Stock	5.9	1,050,000
Vinpearl JSC	1,250,000	anj.
Collection of loan principal		
Vinsmart Research and Manufacture Joint Stock		1,050,000
Vinpearl JSC	1,250,000	
	·,—,	
Interests receivable		
Vingroup JSC	3,570	_
Vinsmart Research and Manufacture Joint Stock	0,010	25,698
Green City Development Joint Stock Company	32,601	23,311
Vinpearl JSC	49,657	2,192
Thai Son Investment Construction Corporation	55,465	7,128
mai sun myesineni cunsi uction cui poration	35,465	1,120

29. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Significant transactions with related parties during the period:

Amounts due from and due to related parties

,	tatia and to someon partico		Currency: VND million
Related parties	Transactions	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Ot and dame do			
Vinhomes JSC	receivable (Note 6.1) Receivables from leasing property and provision of related services	29,151	23,109
Vinfast Commercial and Services Trading Limited Liability Company	Receivables from leasing property and provision of related services	-	38,179
Other companies in the Group	Other receivables	15,757	15,552
•		44,908	76,840
A .t	-tt (Ninha C 2)		
Advances to support Vinfast	Advances for purchase	8,672	-
Commercial and Services Trading Limited Liability Company	of services		
Other companies in the Group	Advances for purchase of services	10,090	4,337
•		18,762	4,337
	receivables (Note 7)		442.000
Vingroup JSC	Receivable for business	1,203	143,990 612
	Interests receivable from Other receivables	479	93
Vinpearl JSC	Shared profit receivable	7,425	3,713
V. (1) DOC: (1) DOC	Interests receivable	. ,	
	Other receivables	602	2,537
Vietnam	Receivable for business	69,680	69,680
Investment and Consulting	cooperation contract		
Investment JSC	Other receivables	95	177
Central Park	Receivable for business	**	41,287
Development LLC	cooperation contract		
Vinhomes JSC	Receivable for business	_	202,952
	cooperation contract		
	Other receivables	1,973	3,935
Other companies in the Group	Other receivables	17,671	16,259

99,129

485,235

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued) 29.

Amounts due from and due to related parties (continued)

Amounts due from	and due to related parties		ırrency: VND million
Related parties	Transactions	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Long-term prepaid Ecology Development and Investment JSC	d expenses (Note 9) Long-term lease prepaid	242,892	247,997
nivesule in 000	··	242,892	247,997
Other current ass Vingroup JSC	sets (Note 10) Deposits for business cooperation	1,040,000	-
	•	1,040,000	
Other long-term a Vingroup JSC	essets (Note 10) Deposits for business cooperation	958,000	958,000
Can Gio Tourist City Corporation	Deposits for business cooperation	163,000	163,000
Green City Development JSC	Deposits for business cooperation	657,420	657,420
Thai Son Investment Construction Corporation	Deposits for business cooperation	1,203,400	1,011,282
30, 60, 440,		2,981,820	2,789,702
Short-term trade point of the short-	payables (Note 16) Payables for purchase of assets, goods and services	87,679	103,294
Vinhomes JSC	Payables for purchase of assets, goods and services	20,771	25,360
Vingroup JSC	Payables for purchase of assets, goods and services	119,837	92,725
Gia Lam Urban Investment and Development LLC	Payables for purchase of assets, goods and services	-	123,173
Other companies in the Group	Other payables	6,282	13,336
111 010 0100		234,569	357,888
	ed expenses (Note 19)		
Vinpearl JSC	Other payables	1,332	3,457
Companies in the Group	Other payables	•	1,840
		1,332	5,297

29. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due from and due to related parties (continued)

Currency: VND million

			•
Related parties	Transactions	As at 30/6/2021	As at 31/12/2020
Other short-term	payables (Note 20)		
Vinhomes JSC	Deposit for leasing retail	8,000	9,747
	Other payables	43	1,884
Other companies in the Group	Other payables	1,156	9,194
		9,199	20,825
Other long-term i	iiabilities (Note 20)		
Vinschool One Member LLC	Deposit for leasing retail	-	6,375
Vinfast Trading and Service Limited Liability Company	Deposit for leasing retail	-	16,018
Vinpearl JSC	Deposits for business	180,000	180,000
	Other payables	-	144
Other companies in the Group	Deposit for leasing retail	-	4,222
		180,000	206,759
Unearned revenu	*		
Vinhomes JSC	Unearned revenue from leasing and rendering of related services	-	25,071
Other companies in the Group	Unearned revenue from leasing and rendering of related services	10,107	10,292
		10,107	35,363

Loans and debts due to related parties (Note 22.1 and Note 22.2)

Financial lease liabilities from a related party as at 30 June 2021 was as follow:

Related parties	As at 30/6/2021	Interest rate	Maturity date
	VND million	per annum	
Ecology Development and Investment JSC	191,503	From 8.58% to 14.02%	March 2045
In which: Current-portion	(19,887)		
TOTAL (i)	171,616		

⁽i) These financial lease liabilities relate to long-term lease contracts with non-cancellable term for renting Vincom Plaza Quang Trung and Vincom Plaza Le Van Viet.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
Quarter II 2021

29. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Loans and debts due to related parties (Note 22.1 and Note 22.2) (continued)

Financial lease liabilities from a related party as at 31 December 2020 was as follow:

Related parties	As at 31/12/2020	Interest rate	Maturity date
	VND million	per annum From 8.58%	March 2045
Ecology Development and Investment JSC	191,282	to 14.02%	WAIGH 2040
In which: Current-portion	(19,887)		
TOTAL	171,395		

30. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There is no matter or circumstance that has arisen since the balance sheet date that requires an adjustment or a disclosure in the Interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Pham Thi Ngoc Ha Chief Accountant

28 July 2021

Tran Mai Hoa General Director

APPENDIX
Quarter II 2021

APPENDIX - EXPLANATION FOR THE VARIANCES IN INCOME STATEMENT BETWEEN THE TWO PERIODS

(Under guidance of Circular No. 155/2015/TT-BTC dated 06 October 2015)

Currency: VND million

Code	Item	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020	Variance	°/a
10	Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	1,510,391	1,630,177	(119,786)	-7%
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	880,962	984,384	(103,422)	-11%
21	Financial income	119,680	57,553	62,127	108%
22	Finance expenses	151,938	99,664	52,274	52%
60	Net profit after tax	387,627	343,168	44,459	13%

Explanation for variances in income statement between the two period which were over 10%:

- Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services in Quarter II 2021 decreased VND 120 billion in comparision with previous period mainly because of: (i) revenue from leasing activities and rendering of related services increased VND 63 billion; and (ii) sale of inventory properties decreased VND 199 billion due to the number of shop-houses handed over was lower than Quarter II 2020. Cost of goods sold and services rendered decreased correspondingly to the decrease of revenue.
- Finance income increased VND 62 billion because of the increase of interest income from deposits.
- Finance expenses increased VND 52 billion mainly because of coupon interest expense in relations to the disbursed VND 3.050 trillion bond.
- Net profit after tax increased VND 44 billion in comparision with prior period because of above mentioned reasons.

